JOHN BARRY'S

TELEVISION SCORES: AN OVERVIEW by JON BURLINGAME

For John Barry, the 1870; were a period of transition, from the excitament of the 1850; the early Bond files, three Occars, status as one of the world's most sought-after file composers to the sedate 1880s (the era of BODY HEAT and OUT OF AFRICA) which produced the contemporary Barry sound that we now recognize from DANCES WITH WOLVES AND CRAFTLE.

It was also a period during which he worked with some regularity in Aserican television. This was partly due to professional relationships he had formed with people in films, and partly grows of his location. Barry moved to America in late 1975. "It was not been also and while to do ELEANOR AND FRANKIN for ABC," he later recalled, and while was there. Din De Laurentiis offered me KING KOMG. The was offered THE DEEP, so I stayed." He remained in L.A. for five years, moving in 1980 to New York (where he still makes his home).

Barry's well-known TV these came even before the movies for television, while he was still living in England. THE PERSUADERS! (1971), composed for the Tony Curtificage Moore adventure series, cracked the charts in Reliani (renking) and received some airplay in the U.S. in the series and relegated it to a little-seen Saturday-night itsele). Written for keyboards (notably electric harpsichord), andolin, synthesiaer and rhyths section, it was far and every the single most stylish piece of music composed for television that seasons are stylish piece of music composed for television that seasons.

Barry's these for the Gene Barry series THE ADVENTURER (1972) was far superior to the show itself (a cheaply made half-hour for what was then known as "prime-time access," the early weening hours, in the states). Both THE ADVENTURER and his musical signature for the suspense anthology ORSON DELESS' GREAT WOTSTRIES (1973) featured manddin and synthesiser; the upbent ADVENTURER had a rhythm-section backing, GREAT WISTERIES as more seducitive string section.

It was in 1973 that Berry composed his first score for a made-fortelevision movie. The Clairs Bloom version of Inbem's A DOLL'S HOUSE, aired on TV in Great Britain (but given a theatrical release in the U.S.), features an almost childlike these, perhaps mirroring Nora's view of life (and one will change before the end of the film). The film's sparse score also includes a terantella version of the these, played for a dancing Hora by a string quartet at a holiday party. Far more noticed, however, was Barry's music for THE GLASS MENAGRIE, later the same year. The unique end-title credit explains it:
"original music composed and played by John Barry." Whether due to budgetary constraints or simply the dramatic conception of the composer. the entire score consists of solo piano, performed by the composer. The GLASS MENAGRIE score is brilliant in its honesty and simplicity; the theme is a fragile, beautiful evocation of Laura's collection of glass miniatures, a reflection of he row mossitive soul. Many of the short cues, including the main and and titles, are like Laura's fate in the Tennessee Williams play - unresolved.

Berry later recalled that his scoring of Katherine Nephurn's TV-movies three in all, beginning with THE GLASS WENGERIE - was at the insistence of the actress. "I set Kate on LION IN VINTER." he said. "When they were shooting in Ireland, and we just became kind of nice friends. When I won the Academy Award for LION IN VINTER - she sang a little part of a carol [written for the film] - she sent me a telegram in London [since] I didn't go out to the ceremonies, [saying] [Congratualisins - you won because I sang for you! Tony Harvey, who directed LION IN VINTER, did THE GLASS MENGERIE. The first thing she did after that was LOVE ANDOG THE ROINS with George Calor in London, and the said. George, shy don't you get shold of John." And then holdered the COMN IS GREEN while I was living in Los Angeles. So that Condend the THE COMN IS GREEN while I was living in Los Angeles. So that was the shade of the condition of the

LOVE ANONG THE RUINS (1975) was one of the highlights of the 1974-5 season. This one and only teaming of Hephyrn and Sir Laurence Olivier was a delightful remantic comedy shout an ageing actress and the barrister she hires to defend her in a clander suit (who also happens to be her long-ago, forgotten lover). It won five Empys, including wards for the stars, directly over a writer James Contigen. The Los Angeles Times singled out for praise "John Barry's mostalgic score" - quaint, enchanting and, like the film, ultimately quite touching, with a harpsichord the perfect instrument to carry the melody.

The main theme was toe omposed before shooting began, for Oliviar sectually single the Don Black Dricks to Hepburn during a dinner scene ("Thee is love / thee is win / but more, much more / thee is sun when the days are cold..."). Hepply recorded, with an almost identical orchestra, LOVE ANONE THE RUNS became a highlight on Barry's theme-compilation also will be a supplied to the sun of the su

Berry's first score after moving to Los Angeles, ELEMOR AND FRANKLIN (1976), may well be his finnes for a made-for-television film. His uncanny knack for choosing high-profile, prestige projects remained intact in this instance, for this four-hour adaptation of Joseph P. Lach's Pulitzer Prize-winning biography of the Roseswelts wound up xinning 10 Empsy, including Outstanding Dramatic Special, James Alexander and Edward Harrman played the title roles in this dramatization of their lives before Roseswelt became president.

The ELEASOR AND FRANKIN these (voiced by sole horn and strings, harpsishord and flute) possesses a dignity and strength - touched ever so slightly with a hint of sadness - that is absolutely right, and remains among the most measurable television susic of the decade. That herry's score was overlooked in the Emmy competition was a major regretate the relation of the decade and the strength of the

The entire creative team reassembled for the three-bour sequal. ELEAROR AND PRANKIN: THE WHITE HOUSE YEARS (1977) a Barry reprised his original these, albeit in a gentler arrangement. This time, he was at least nominated for the Easy (although he lost to Lenond Rossmann's score for SYBIL). That the theme has never been properly recorded is score for SYBIL). That the theme has never been properly recorded from one of the few disappointments of Barry's recording career: The White Hose Years' on the B side of THE DEEP single is marred by a wildly tamproprised disco beat; the only other version was recorded for just tamproprise disco beat; the only other version was recorded for just characterizes Barry's etc. The superior state of the stat

Berry filled the time between KING KONG and THE DEEP with TV-movie assignments, making 1977 his most prolific year ever. In addition to ELEANOR AND FRANKLIN. THE WHITE HOUSE VARS, his television scores included THE WAR BETWEEN THE TATES; YOUNG JOE, THE FORGOTTEN KENNEDY; and THE GATHERING.

TATES came to Barry because it was for David Surskind's Talent Associates, which produced the ELEANG AND FRANKLIN (line; this Emaynominated adaptation of the Alieon Lurie best-seller starred Blizabeth Ashley and Richard Orenna as a couple in the threes of divorce.

Barry's melancholy music, largely for strings and piane, mirrors the file's uncomprensing content. YOWGO DE was another downbeat the string of the production of the product of

THE GATHERING, for ELEANOR AND FRANKLIN producer Harry Sherman, was another award-winner: The Emmy for Outstanding Drama Special for 1977-8 went to this moving story about a crusty businessman who, having learned that he has only a few weeks left to live, goes home to make peace with his divided family at Christmans. Edward Anner and Maureen Stapleton headed the all-star cast. Barry's chamber-sized score relies principally on harpsichor4 (flute and viola.

Barry returned to the medium in 1979 with a charming score for Kartharine Hapburn's THE CORN IS GREEN, a remake of the Emlyn Williams plays about a spinster schoolteacher in turn-of-the-century Wales.



ABOVE: Laurence Olivier and Katherine Hepburn in LOVE AMONG THE RUINS

Or so we thought. While recovering from major surgery for a ruptured exophagus. Barry was numerous back from IV retirement to compose the music for the widely ballyhood daily news magazine USA TODAY: THE TELEVISION SIGNO (1988). One of the country's most widely read newspapers. USA Today boasted lively graphics, so the producers of the IV version called in moving-raphics wis Kichard Greenberg. Greenberg's previous collaboration with Barry on INSIDE MOVES (1980) Variations on a three-note, desconding major doors of feature that suggested a surical "USA" - for this short-lived experiment in early-evening informational programming.

Once again the composer turned primarily to strings, flute and harpsichord to accompany director George Cukor's final collaboration with his favourite actress (who won an Emmy for her performance). For the lady-trucker story WILLA (1979) - which reunited him with Deborah Raffin, the lead actress on his THE DOVE - Barry dipped into the country field, writing a song for vocalist Merle Haggard, with whom he would later collaborate on THE LEGEND OF THE LOBE RANGER.

After his move to New York, only an old friend could lure Barry back to television. That was Anthony Harvey, who agreed to direct his former LION IN WINTER star Peter O'Toole, and the then up-and-coming actress Jodie Foster, in a new version of SVEMGALI (1983) for CBS.

SVENGALI was unlike Barry's previous collaborations with Harvey (DUTCHMAN, THE LION IN WINTER, THEY MIGHT BE GIANTS, THE GLASS MEMAGERIE) in that music was an integral part of the film's fabric from the very beginning. Barry and his frequent collaborator Don Black composed several songs in advance of shooting the story of an aspiring pop singer (Foster) and her controlling mentor (O'Toole).

Their work made SVENCALI one of the richest scores of the 1982-3 season. The problem was that both O'Toole and Foster have, at best, limited talent as singers; Barry later said that, while he and producer Phil Ramone approached several labels about releasing a single, no one expressed interest and the songs essentially died with the movie. Most prominent were "One Dream At A Time," which became the film's love theme, and 'Getting Some Feeling Back In My Heart," the title tune for the singer's chart-topping album in the film.

Barry, by now having suffered through the era of STARCRASH and GAME OF DEATH, was back in peak form. The music was first-rate; the performances, and CBS's failure to acknowledge its possibilities, killed it. Discarded with a minimum of fanfare in a Tuesday-night timeslot, SVENGALI came and went virtually unnoticed. And that was the end of John Barry in television.

Along the way, there have also been several commercials, notably a two-minute spot for Eastern Airlines: "Second Summer" campaign (1967) that won him a Clio (the advertising world's version of the Oscar); a very classy, BODY HEAT-style score for a Lincoln Town Car commercial (1982); and a recent Kodak ad that echoes the Americana sound of DANCES WITH WOLVES.

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About the author.

Jon Burlingame is a nationally syndicated American television critic who has frequently written about film and TV music for such magazines as Premiere and Emmy. He is currently at work on a book about the history of American TV scoring.